

2022 SEC FILING DEADLINE CALENDAR

JANUARY 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| | | | | | | 1 |
| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 |
| 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 |
| 30 | 31 | | | | | |

FEBRUARY 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
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| 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |
| 27 | 28 | | | | | |

MARCH 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
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| 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |
| 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | | |

APRIL 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
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| 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 |
| 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |

MAY 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
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| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
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| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 | 31 | | | | |

JUNE 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
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| 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |
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JULY 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
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| 31 | | | | | | |

AUGUST 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
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| 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 |
| 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | | | |

SEPTEMBER 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
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| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | |

OCTOBER 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
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| 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 |
| 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 |
| 30 | 31 | | | | | |

NOVEMBER 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
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| 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |
| 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | | | |

DECEMBER 2022

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
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| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 |

- ▶ The calendar above reflects SEC filing deadlines for companies with a fiscal year ending December 31, 2021.
- ▶ For weekends and SEC holidays, the filing deadline is the next business day.

■ Large Accelerated Filer
 ■ Accelerated Filer
 ■ Non-Accelerated Filer
 ■ Market Holidays (NYSE & NASDAQ)

■ Foreign Private Issuer
 ■ Proxy Statement
 ■ SEC Holiday
 ■ Market Early Close (1:00PM EST)

Hours of EDGAR Operations:

The hours of operation for submitting filings to the EDGAR system are 6:00 am. to 10:00 pm EST weekdays (excluding SEC holidays). If a filing is submitted after 5:30 p.m. Eastern Time, it will not be deemed filed with the SEC until the following business day (except for filings made pursuant to Rule 462(b) and Section 16 filings, which will receive the date of the actual filing if filed by 10:00 pm Eastern Time).

Periodic Report Filing Deadlines

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Annual Report on Form 10-K | Large Accelerated Filer: 60 days after fiscal year end Accelerated Filer: 75 days after fiscal year end Non-Accelerated Filer: 90 days after fiscal year end |
| Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q | Large Accelerated Filer: 40 days after fiscal quarter end Accelerated Filer: 40 days after fiscal quarter end Non-Accelerated Filer: 45 days after fiscal quarter end |
| Annual Report on Form 20-F | For foreign private issuers, four months after fiscal year end |
| Definitive Proxy Statement | If Part III of Annual Report on Form 10-K incorporates by reference information from definitive proxy statement, 120 days after fiscal year end |

Ownership Reporting Deadlines

| | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Form 3 | 10 days after becoming a director, officer or beneficial owner of more than 10% of a class of equity securities (or no later than the effective date of the registration statement if the issuer is registering equity for the first time) |
| Form 4 | Two business days after the transaction date |
| Form 5 | 45 days after fiscal year end |
| Schedule 13G | 45 days after calendar year end |
| Schedule 13D | 10 days after acquiring more than 5% beneficial ownership (amendments due promptly after any material change) |
| Form 13F | 45 days after calendar year end and each of the first three calendar quarter ends |

Other SEC Deadlines

| | |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Form 8-K | Generally, four business days after the occurrence of a triggering event, except for certain events as provided in the Form |
| Form SD | No later than May 31 of each year |
| Form 11-K | 90 days after the employee plan's fiscal year end; if the employee plan is subject to ERISA, then 180 days after the employee plan's fiscal year end |
| Form 40-F | For Canadian foreign private issuers qualifying for the multi-jurisdictional disclosure system, then due the same day as the issuer's annual report is due to be filed in Canada |

Filing Definitions

Large Accelerated Filer: A reporting company that has a public float of at least \$700 million, has been subject to the periodic reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("1934 Act") for at least 12 months, has filed at least one annual report, and does not qualify as a smaller reporting company under the revenue test.

Accelerated Filer: A reporting company that has a public float of at least \$75 million but less than \$700 million, has been subject to the periodic reporting requirements of the 1934 Act for at least 12 months, and has filed at least one annual report, and does not qualify as a smaller reporting company under the revenue test.

Non-Accelerated Filer: A reporting company that has a public float of less than \$75 million, has not been subject to the periodic reporting requirements of the 1934 Act for more than 12 months, or has not filed at least one annual report.

Smaller Reporting Company: A reporting company that has (i) a public float of less than \$250 million or (ii) a public float of less than \$700 million (including having no public float) and annual revenues of less than \$100 million. An issuer cannot qualify as a smaller reporting company if it is an investment company, asset-backed issuer, or a majority-owned subsidiary of a parent that is not a smaller reporting company.

Public float is measured at end of second fiscal quarter, with any change in filing status taking effect as of the next fiscal year. Note thresholds transitioning between filer status categories are lower than those shown.

2022 Financial Statements Staleness Dates

Financial statements are considered “stale” when they are too old to be used in a prospectus or proxy statement. If an issuer’s financial statements have gone stale, the issuer must file the most recent required financial statements before using a prospectus or proxy statement. The table below reflects the staleness date, or the last date such financial statements may be used. For weekends and SEC holidays, the staleness date is the next business day.

| Financial Statements | Deadline | 2022 Staleness Date |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Third quarter 2021 financial statements for initial public offerings, delinquent filers and loss corporations ¹ | 45 days after fiscal year end | February 14 |
| Third quarter 2021 financial statements for large accelerated filers | 60 days after fiscal year end | March 1 |
| Third quarter 2021 financial statements for accelerated filers | 75 days after fiscal year end | March 16 |
| Third quarter 2021 financial statements for all other filers | 90 days after fiscal year end | March 31 |
| Year end 2021 financial statements for large accelerated filers and accelerated filers | 129 days after fiscal year end | May 9 |
| Year end 2021 financial statements for all other filers | 134 days after fiscal year end | May 16 |
| First quarter 2022 financial statements for large accelerated filers and accelerated filers | 129 days after fiscal first quarter end | August 8 |
| First quarter 2022 financial statements for all other filers | 134 days after fiscal first quarter end | August 12 |
| Second quarter 2022 financial statements for large accelerated filers and accelerated filers | 129 days after fiscal second quarter end | November 7 |
| Second quarter 2022 financial statements for all other filers | 134 days after fiscal second quarter end | November 14 |

¹ A “delinquent filer” is a company that files annual, quarterly and other reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 but has not filed all reports due to be filed. A “loss corporation” is a company that does not expect to, and did not, report positive income after taxes but before extraordinary items and the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle for (a) the most recently ended fiscal year and (b) at least one of the two prior fiscal years

Note regarding Foreign Private Issuers:

Audited financial statements of a foreign private issuer go stale 15 months after the fiscal year end covered by such financial statements, and interim financial statements go stale nine months after the end of the last audited fiscal year (for certain offerings, the 15-month period may be extended to 18 months, and the nine-month period may be extended to 12 months). If financial information for an annual or interim period more current than otherwise required is made available in any jurisdiction, such financial information should be included in the applicable registration statement.